

SAVeRS

Selection of Appropriate Vehicle Restraint Systems

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Vehicle Restraint Systems (VRS)

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DI
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VLE



The issue is well summarized in this chart developed by ERF ...

		Side Barrier	Central Barrier	Bridge Barrier
	Austria	 H2	 H2	 H3
	Belgium	 H2	 H2	 H4b
	Bulgaria	 H1	 H2	 H1
	Czech Republic	 H1	 H2	 H1
	Denmark	 H1	 H2	 H3
	Finland	 N2	 N2	 H2
	France	 N2	 H1	 H2
	Germany	 H1	 H2	 H1
	Ireland	 N2	 H2	 H2
	Italy	 H2	 H3	 H4b
	Holland	 H2	 H2	 H2
	Norway	 N2	 N2	 H2
	Poland	 H1	 H2	 H1
	Spain	 N2	 H1	 H3
	United Kingdom	 N2	 N2	 H1

CEDR TRANSNATIONAL ROAD RESEARCH PROGRAMME

Call 2012

Safety:

- Safety of road workers and interaction with road users

- Use of vehicle restraint systems

Cross-border funded Transnational Research Programme
funded by Belgium/Flanders, Germany, Ireland, Norway, Sweden,
United Kingdom

Selection of Appropriate Vehicle Restraint Systems



UNIVERSITÀ
DEGLI STUDI
FIRENZE

DICEA
DIPARTIMENTO
DI INGEGNERIA CIVILE
E AMBIENTALE

vti



TRINITY
COLLEGE
DUBLIN



AUSTRIAN INSTITUTE
OF TECHNOLOGY

Parsons Brinckerhoff

Subcontractor:

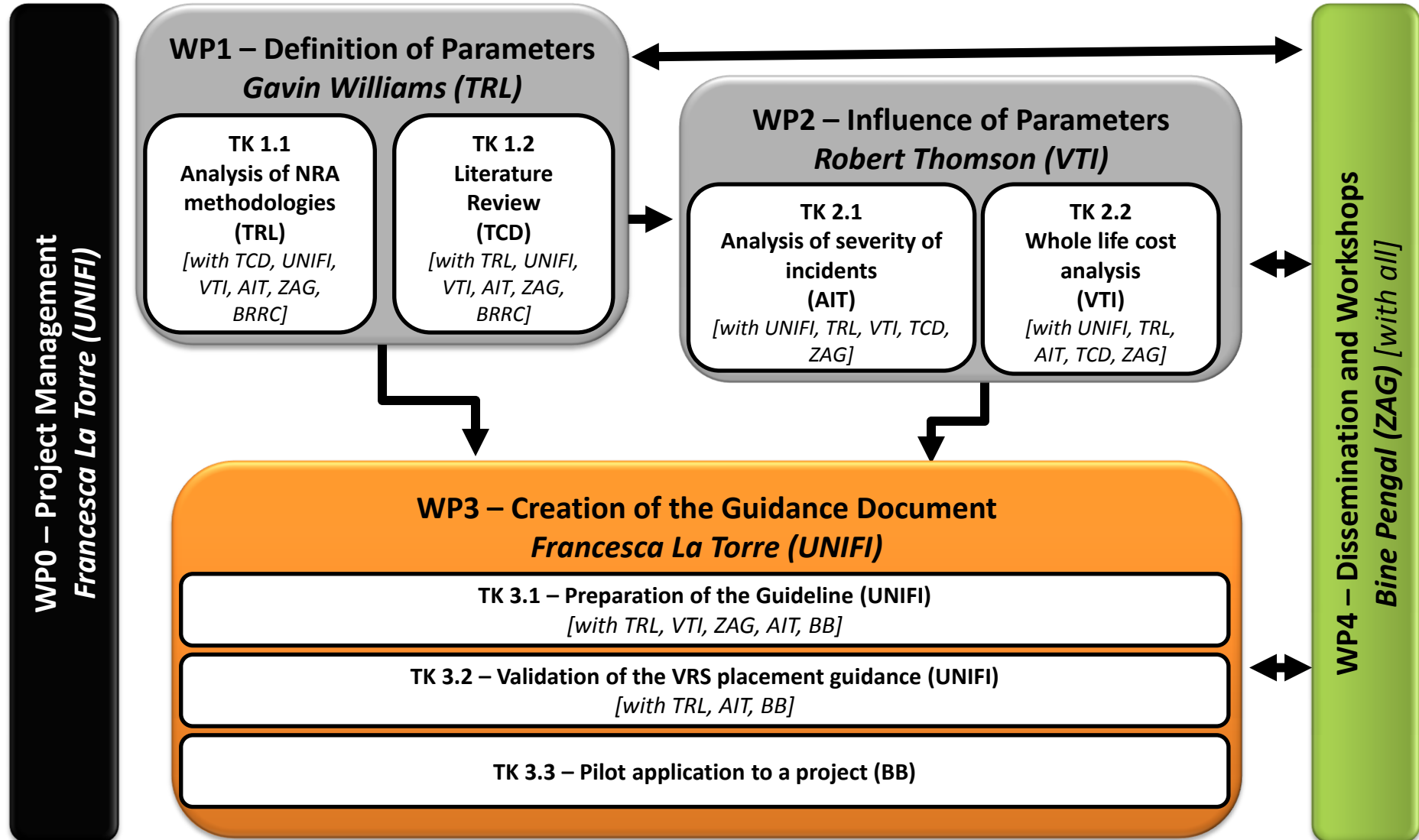


Project Managers:

Alastair De Beer – NRA, Ireland

Anders Hakansson – Trafikverket, Sweden

The objective of the SAVeRS project is to produce a **practical and readily understandable Vehicle Restraint System (VRS) guidance document** and a user-friendly tool that will allow the **selection of the most appropriate solution in different road and traffic configurations for all types of VRS.**



January 1, 2013

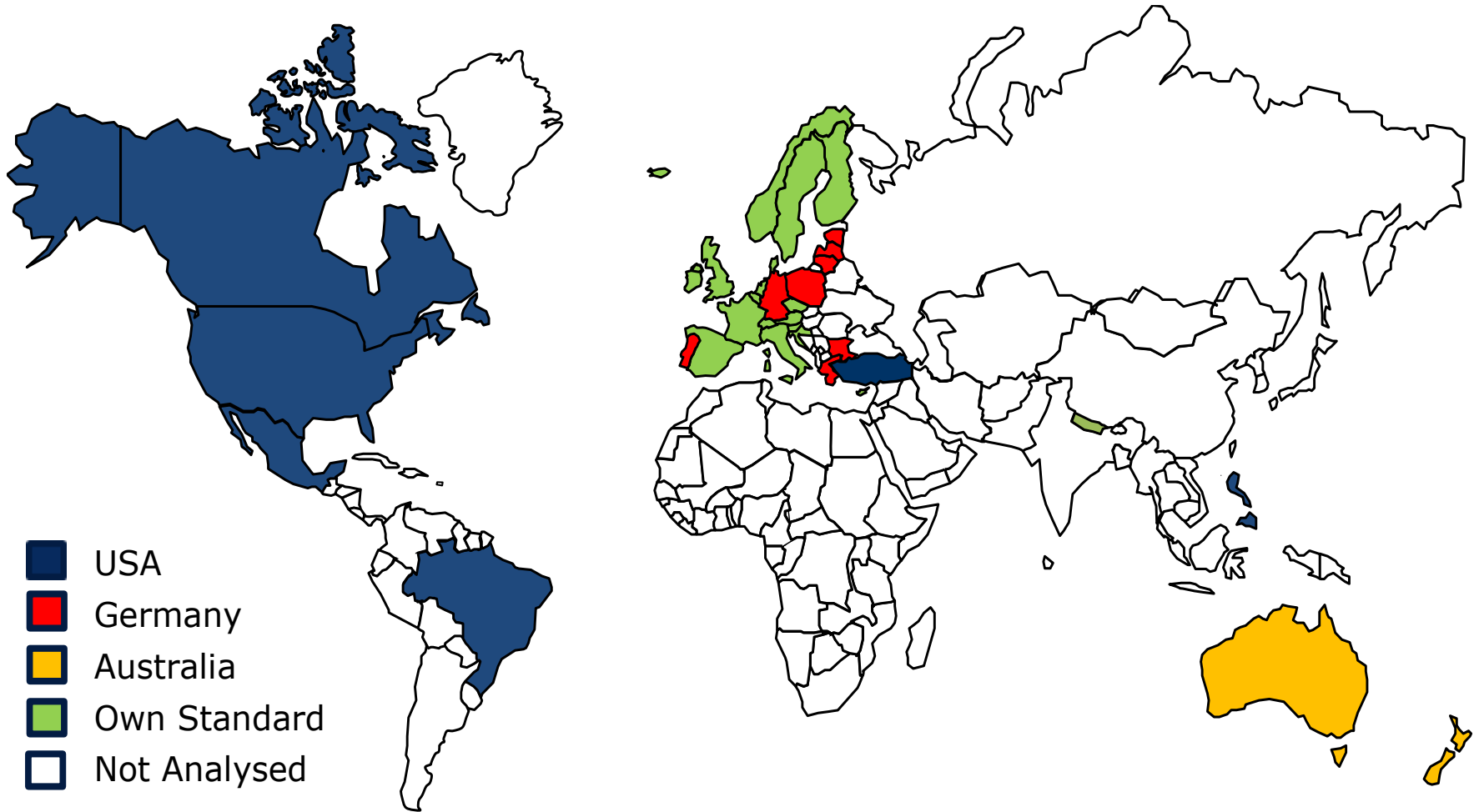
December 31, 2014

WP	TASK	WP LEADER	TK LEADER	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24
WP 0	PROJECT MANAGEMENT	UNIFI																									
WP 1	DEFINE THE DIFFERENT PARAMETERS WHICH INFLUENCE THE CHOICE OF VRS (F1)	TRL																									
	TK 1.1 Analysis of the different NRA methodologies		TRL																								
	TK 1.2 Detailed literature study on the use of VRS worldwide.		TCD																								
WP 2	ANALYSE THE DIFFERENT PARAMETERS WHICH INFLUENCE THE CHOICE OF VRS (F2)	VTI																									
	TK 2.1 Analyse the severity of incidents in relation to the used VRS		AIT																								
	TK 2.2 Whole life cost analysis for different types of VRS		VTI																								
	TK 2.3 Review of Type Approval information and EN Norms Related to VRS Performance		UNIFI																								
WP 3	CREATE A GUIDANCE DOCUMENT (F3)	UNIFI																									
	TK 3.1 Preparation of the guideline		UNIFI																								
	TK 3.2 Pilot application to a project		BB																								
WP 4	DISSEMINATION & WORKSHOP ORGANIZATION	ZAG																									

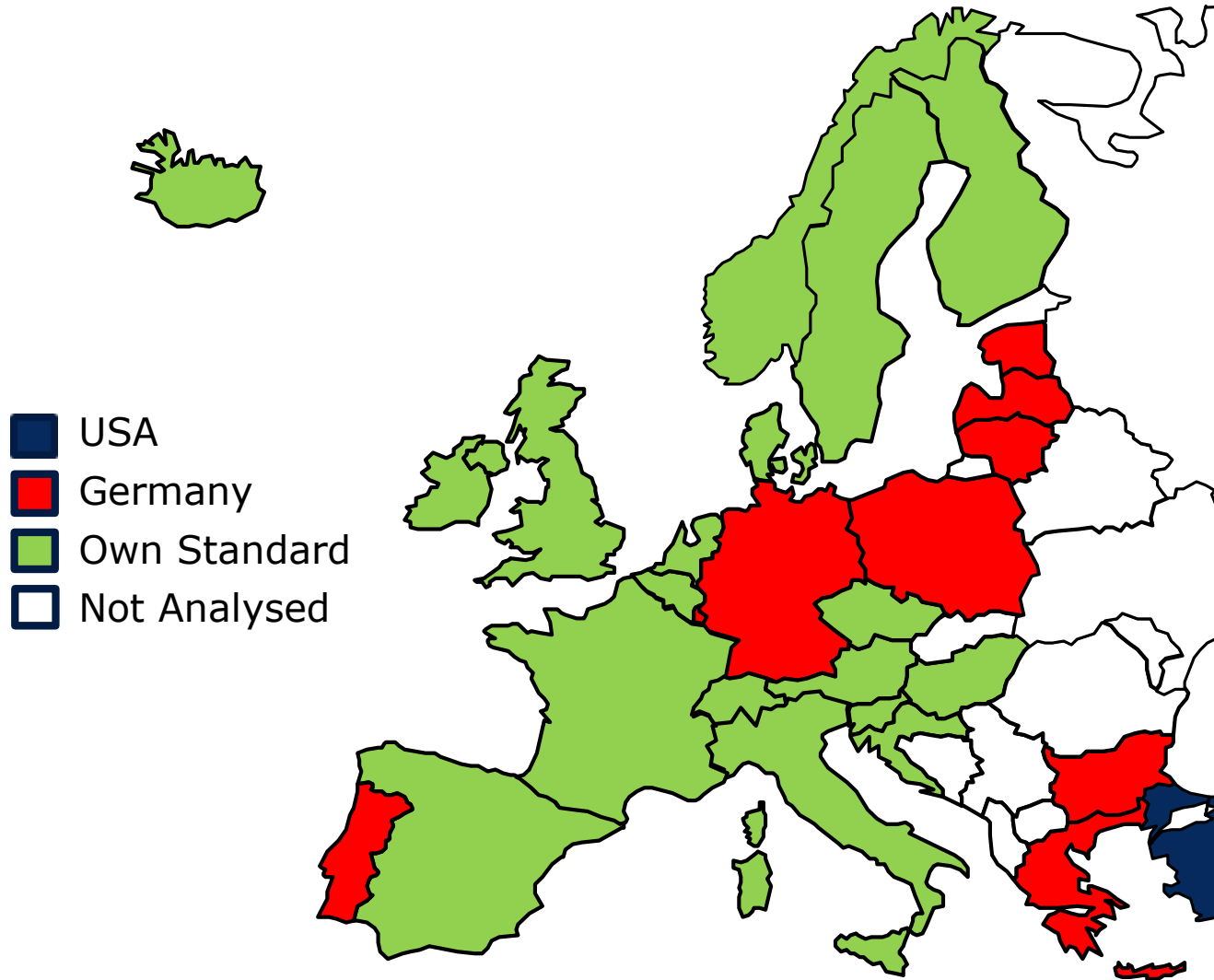
★ PROJECT MILESTONES
★ Progress Report to CEDR TG on Road Safety

Total Budget of 525 k€ (approx. 700 k US\$)

WP 1 - Completed



WP 1 - Completed



- **37 different national standards have been collected and analysed comparing them (when possible) in terms of:**
 - ✓ **General parameters;**
 - ✓ **Barriers;**
 - ✓ **Crash cushions;**
 - ✓ **Bridge parapets;**
 - ✓ **Terminals;**
 - ✓ **Transitions;**
 - ✓ **Truck Mounted Attenuators (only limited to this phase)**
 - ✓ **Motorcycle Protection Systems**

**Decision on where a
VRS is needed (mostly
based on the
probability of having
an harmful event)**

**Decision on the minimum
VRS performance (mostly
based on the potential
consequences of the
event)**

**The parameters used in the different standards are
not the same for the two issues**

CEDR Transnational Road Research Programme

Call 2012: Safety:

Use of Vehicle Restraint Systems



Funded by Belgium/Flanders, Germany, Ireland, Norway, Sweden, United Kingdom

SAVeRS

Defining the Different Parameters which can influence the need and selection of VRS

Deliverable D1.1

Sep 2014

Partners:

University of Florence, Italy

TRL Ltd, United Kingdom

Swedish National Road and Transport Research Institute, Sweden

Trinity College Dublin, Ireland

Slovenian National Building and Civil Engineering Institute, Slovenia

AIT Austrian Institute of Technology GmbH, Austria

Parsons Brinckerhoff, United Kingdom

Belgian Road Research Centre, Belgium

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Transport Research Arena 2014, Paris

Development of a guideline for the selection of Vehicle Restraint Systems - identification of the key selection parameters

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(g) Parsons Brinckerhoff, United Kingdom (h) Belgian Road Research Centre, Belgium

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National crash data



Country Reports

*National datasets at
network level (less
detailed but very
extensive datasets)*



**Run-off road
model**

*In depth investigations
(detailed data but
limited amount of
crashes considered)*



**Encroachment
model (angle
and speed)**

WP2 – Run-Off-Road model (motorways)

The principles:

- ✓ There cannot be a single ROR model for all Europe and for all roads;
- ✓ A single model functional form can be developed and then this can be calibrated to adapt to local crash data;
- ✓ The form has been developed as a base prediction model and a set of CMFs;
- ✓ Depending on the type of data available different “model adaptations” can be performed (overall calibration, calibration of some CMFS etc)

$$N = C \times N_{\text{base}} \times CMF_1 \times CMF_2 \times CMF_3 \dots$$

WP2 – Run-Off-Road model (motorways)

$$N = C \times N_{\text{base}} \times CMF_1 \times CMF_2 \times CMF_3 \dots$$

N_{base} = Base ROR Model (for standard conditions: straight, flat, 2 lanes, 3 m outer shoulder ...)

The user can fit the model function to local data and enter local coefficients

The user can select one of the models given in the SAVeRS tool

WP2 – Base ROR Model (motorways)

$$SVROR = \text{Sec_Length} \cdot e^{\beta_0 + \beta_1 \log(\text{AADT})}$$

	<i>Dependent variable</i>				
	SVROR				
	AIT	TCD	TRL	UNIFI	VTI
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
log_AADT					
Constant					
Observations					
Log Likelihood					
theta					
Akaike Inf. Crit.					

Note: * p<0.1; ** p<0.05; *** p<0.01

WP2 – CMFs (motorways)

$$N = C \times N_{\text{base}} \times \text{CMF}_1 \times \text{CMF}_2 \times \text{CMF}_3 \dots$$

- ✓ Number of lanes (CMF_L)
- ✓ Outside Shoulder Width (CMF_{OSW})
- ✓ Inside Shoulder width (CMF_{ISW})
- ✓ Gradient (CMF_G)
- ✓ Rumble Strips (CMF_{RS})
- ✓ Lane width (CMF_{LW})
- ✓ Horizontal Curve (CMF_{HC})

Derived from the literature for ROR or single vehicle crashes

WP2 – CMFs (motorways)

To allow for a simpler use variable classes have been defined

Table 1: CMF for increasing the outside shoulder width (CMF_{OSW})

Shoulder width [m]	Median [m]	Median [feet]	CMF_{OSW}
≤ 1.00	not applicable		
1.01–1.50	1.25	4.10	1.37
1.51–2.00	1.75	5.74	1.24
2.01–2.50	2.25	7.38	1.11
2.51–3.00	2.75	9.02	1.00
3.01–3.50	3.25	10.66	0.90

Example

WP2 – Calibration of the full ROR model (base + CMF)

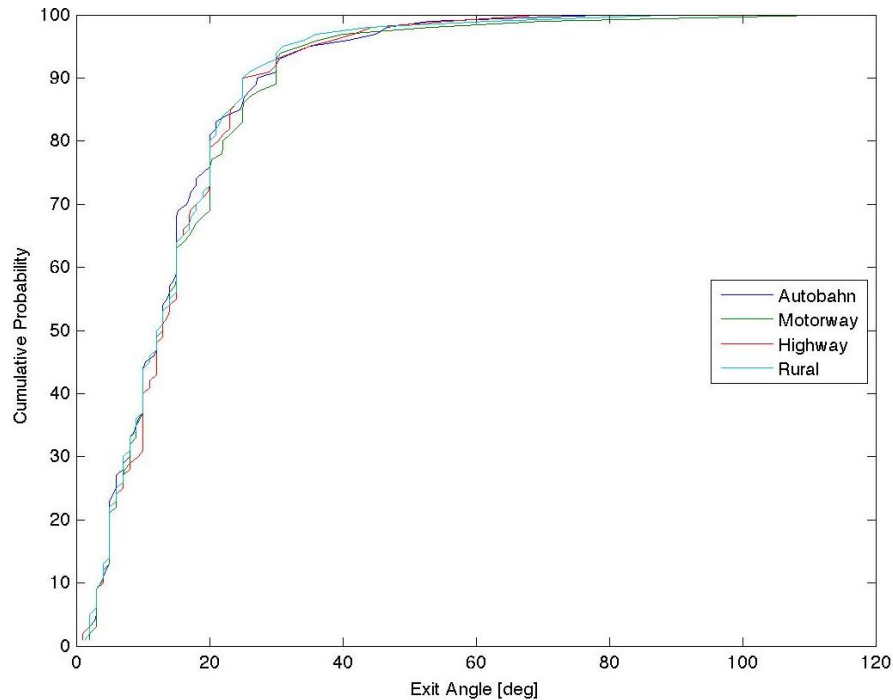
$$N = C \times N_{\text{base}} \times \text{CMF}_1 \times \text{CMF}_2 \times \text{CMF}_3 \dots$$

$$C = \frac{\sum_{i=1}^{\text{all sites}} N_{\text{observed}}}{\sum_{i=1}^{\text{all sites}} N_{\text{predicted}}}$$

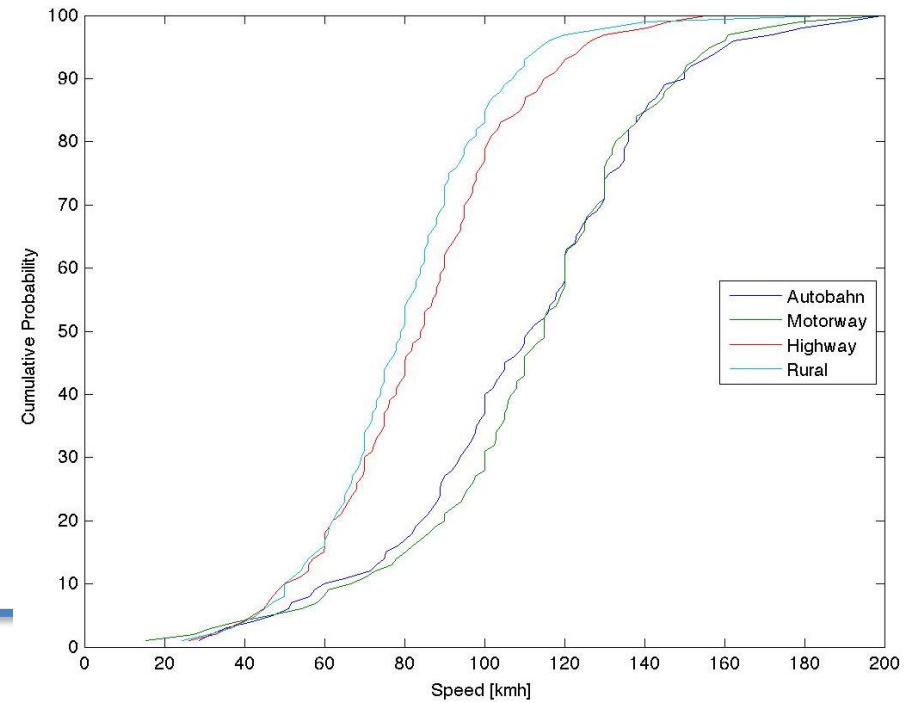
For Ireland the infrastructure data to calculate the CMFs were not available

Country	C-value
Austria	
Ireland	
Italy	
Sweden	
UK	

Not a single model but different distribution curves



Germany



Not a single model but different distribution curves

Germany

	Crash Distribution	Design Level	Calculated Output
	<div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;"> <div style="background-color: #4CAF50; color: white; padding: 2px; text-align: center;">Germany</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;"> GreatBritain Germany US </div> </div>		95
Car	<input type="text" value="#N/D"/> kJ	<input type="text" value="#N/D"/> km/h	
Truck	<input type="text" value=""/> Deg	<input type="text" value=""/> km/h	

The user has to choose the design crash distribution and design percentile and angle and speed is given (different for cars and trucks)

- ✓ ***Societal Costs***
- ✓ ***Hardware related costs***
- ✓ ***Safety Consequences***
- ✓ ***Implementation***

Safety Consequences (SDF)

$$P_{fs+sc,ac,at,K} = \frac{\exp(V_K)}{\frac{1.0}{C_{sdf,fs+sc}} + \exp(V_K) + \exp(V_A) + \exp(V_B)}$$

The default SDF is the Highway Safety Manual (2013) SDF for Freeways but this can be changed by the user

Italy	Proportion of Injuries/Accidents
Car	
Truck	
MC	



VRSL minimum based on the...
VRSL containment level (VRSL)

Preliminary
Under
Development

Consequences	Normal	Moderate	Very High
Likelihood	(low risk to occupants)	(medium risk to occupants)	(high risk to third parties)
Low	L	M	H
Moderate	L	M	VH
High	L	H	VH

As far as different countries, as well as different designers within a country, have different level of expertise and different data availability, the system need to be structured with different possible application levels.

**Very detailed data
available**



**Full SAVeRS Selection
procedure**

Some data available



**Reduced SAVeRS
Selection procedure**

No data available

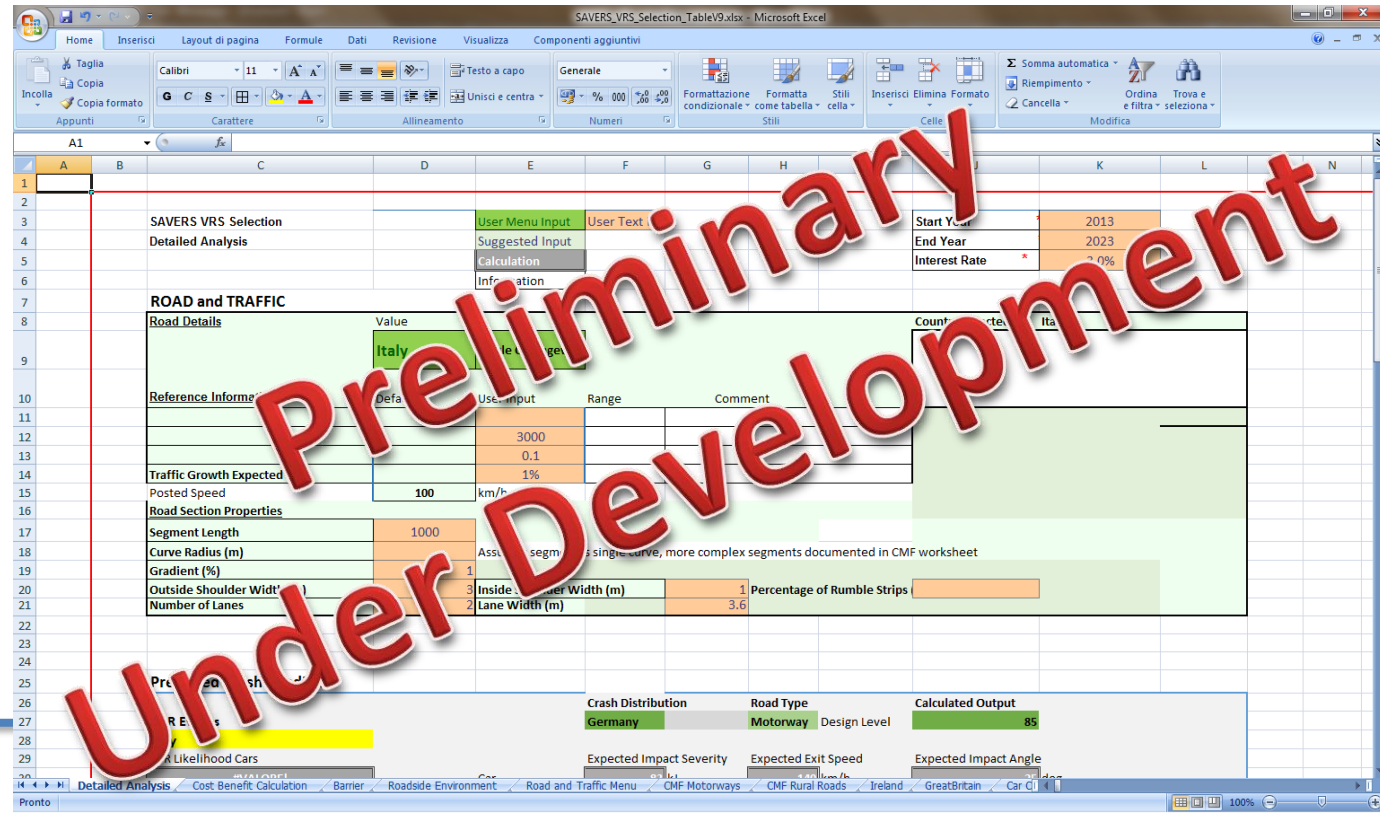


**Default selection criteria
(different sets)**

Excel spreadsheet with MACROS

Different default values are given from the datasets analysed in SAVeRS

The user can input locally derived parameters



The screenshot shows the 'ROAD and TRAFFIC' section of the SAVeRS Excel spreadsheet. The spreadsheet is titled 'SAVERS_VRS_Selection_TableV9.xlsx'. The 'ROAD and TRAFFIC' section includes the following parameters and values:

Parameter	Value
Reference Information	Italy
Traffic Growth Expected	3000
Posted Speed	0.1
Road Section Properties	1000
Segment Length	1000
Curve Radius (m)	Ass. segm. single curve, more complex segments documented in CMF worksheet
Gradient (%)	3
Outside Shoulder Width (m)	1
Number of Lanes	2
Inside Lane Width (m)	3.6
Percentage of Rumble Strips	0.0%

At the bottom of the spreadsheet, the 'Crash Distribution' section shows the following values:

Parameter	Value
Crash Distribution	Germany
Road Type	Motorway
Design Level	Design Level
Calculated Output	85

The spreadsheet also includes a 'User Menu Input' section with fields for 'User Text', 'Suggested Input', 'Calculation', and 'Information'. The 'Start Year' is set to 2013, the 'End Year' is 2023, and the 'Interest Rate' is 0.0%.



Selection of Appropriate Vehicle Restraint Systems



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Downloads

Deliverables

No	Deliverable Name / Report Name	Due date
1	Data matrix and report (D1.1) SAVeRS_WP1_Deliverable_1_1 (pdf, 5.53 MB)	Month 10
2	Mid Term Assessment Report (Private) (D0.1)	Month 12
3	Report on VRS Safety Performance under Real World Conditions including Financial Implications (D2.1)	Month 18
4	Guideline for the selection of Vehicle Restraint Systems (D3.1)	Month 24
5	On line tool for the implementation of the guideline (D4.1)	Month 24
6	User manual for the on line tool (D4.2)	Month 24

Downloads

Presentation Name	Download
SAVeRS_TRB_Presentation_January 2013	PDF (894MB)
SAVeRS_TRB-ERF_Presentation_April2013	PDF (2.57MB)
SAVeRS_TRB_Presentation_July2013	PDF (2.21MB)
SAVeRS_TRB_Presentation_January2014	PDF (2.65MB)
SAVeRS_ERF_Presentation_February2014	PDF (5.88MB)
SAVeRS_TRA_Presentation_April2014	PDF (3.80MB)

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roadside safety.....

www.cedr.fr



Conférence Européenne
des Directeurs des Routes
Conference of European
Directors of Roads

Forgiving roadsides design guide



If you are interested
in accident modeling

.....

www.practproject.eu

CEDR Transnational Road Research Programme

Call 2013: Safety

funded by Germany, Ireland, UK
and Netherlands

PRACT
Predicting Road Accidents -
a Transferable methodology across
Europe

Project outline



Imperial College
London

With the support of:



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Thank you

