# INNOVATIVE VMS DEPLOYMENT ON RURAL MOTORWAYS

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## **Overview**

In 2013 the National Roads Authority, now Transport Infrastructure Ireland, sought to investigate how they would accommodate large scale Variable Message Sign deployments in the future, particularly on rural sections of the national road network.

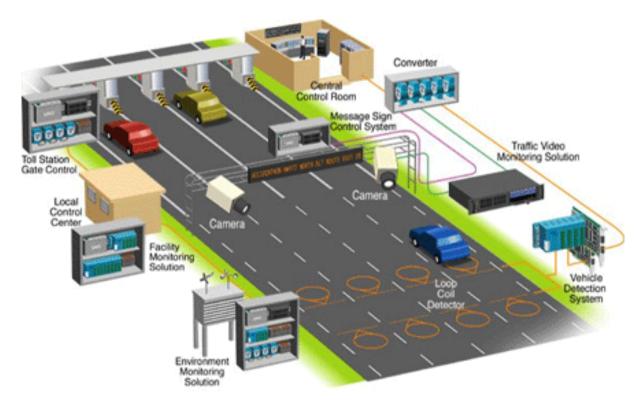
#### The Pilot focused on;

- Current EU and national policy requirements
- Providing cost effective solutions for VMS deployment
- Evaluation of the pilot
- Recommendations going forward

## What are Intelligent Transport Systems – ITS?

It's Being Better Informed

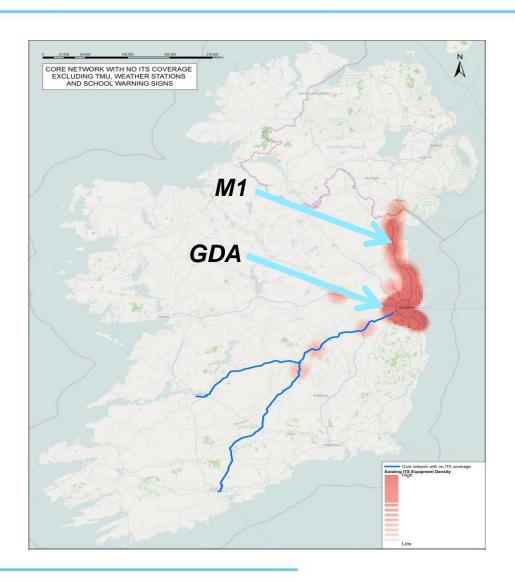
It's Smart Information



It's Making Journeys Safer

It's Providing Innovative solutions

## **ITS Deployment on the National Road Network**



# The TII owns and operates a considerable network of ITS equipment.

- The primary deployment has been around the Greater Dublin Area(GDA).
- Significant deployment has also been made along the M1 corridor.
- Small number of pockets on key strategic routes outside the GDA.

# **ITS Deployment on the National Road Network**

| Equipment type                               | Currently Operated by NRA |
|--|---------------------------|
| Automatic Number Plate<br>Recognition (ANPR) | 124                       |
| Closed Circuit Television (CCTV)             | 67                        |
| Emergency Roadside Telephone<br>(ERT)        | 1,400                     |
| Loop Vehicle Detector (LVD)                  | 104                       |
| Remote Traffic Microwave<br>Sensor (RTMS)    | 24                        |
| Traffic Monitoring Units (TMU)               | 285                       |
| Weather Stations                             | 85                        |
| Variable Message Sign (VMS)                  | 90                        |
| School Warning Signs                         | 415                       |
| Ghost Driver Signs                           | 12                        |
| Fibre Optic Cabling (approximate length)     | 200km                     |













## **EU Directives & National Policy**

#### **European Policy**

- Directive 2010/40/EU "EU ITS Directive"
- EU White Paper (2011) "Roadmap to a Single European Transport Area"
- EU Ten T Regulations

More specifically, two of the three Priority Actions within Priority Area 1 (*Optimal use of road, traffic & travel data*) of the EU ITS Directive are the main drivers for the 2014 VMS Pilot Scheme:

Priority Action (b) Real- time traffic info services Priority Action (c) Safety related traffic info

#### **National Policy**

- Ireland: ITS Actions 2012 2017 (DTTAS)
- NRA Mission Statement
- NRA National Roads Traffic Management Study;
- NRA Strategy for Research & Development
- NRA Draft ITS Policy 2015 2025

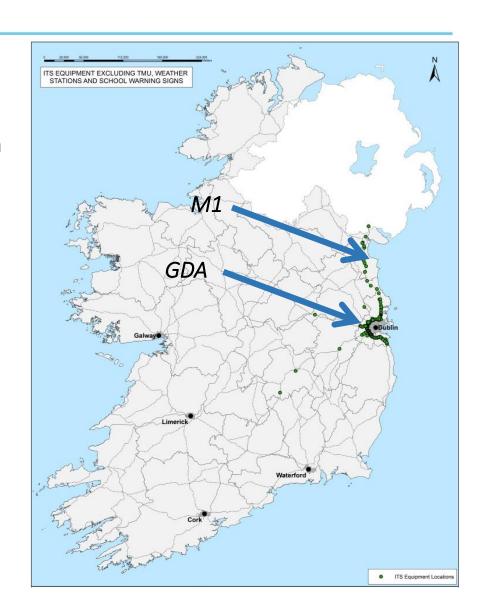
## **European Union Directives**

- The National Motorway Network 917 km (2015)
- Ireland's Core Network is to comprise of approximately 600 km
- Ireland's Comprehensive Ten—T network will be approximately 1,700 km.
- By 2030, TEN –T Core Networks will have a similar ITS deployment to the M1 Motorway.
- N40 South Ring Road in Cork upgraded to match deployment in GDA

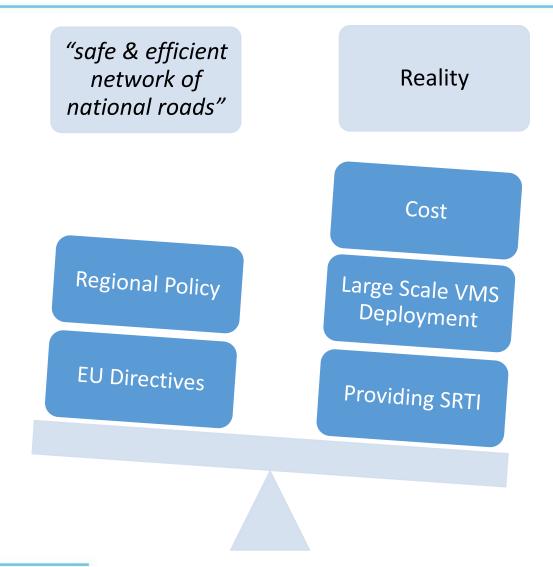


## VMS and SRTI

- VMS at the roadside will be key to the delivery of Safety Related Traffic Information (SRTI) as required under Action (c).
- 90 VMS Installed across the network prior to the pilot scheme.
- Strategic concentration within the GDA and the M1.
- A number of other remote VMS on approaches to and from the GDA.



# Why a Pilot Scheme?



## VMS Construction Pre Pilot Scheme

**Large Scale Excavations** 



**Large Reinforced Concrete Foundations** 



**Long and Complicated Power Connections** 



**Large Steel Cantilever Structures** 



# **Optioneering**

#### **Investigate, Analyse and Assess**

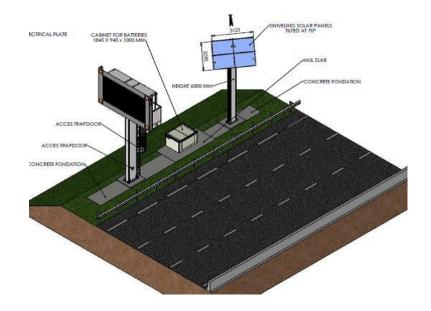
- EU and National Policy
- Land Availability
- Power Availability
- Constructability

- Operation and Maintenance
- Future Funding

Option 1 – Utilisation of Existing Structures



Option 2 – Solar Powered Signs



# **Deployment Strategy**

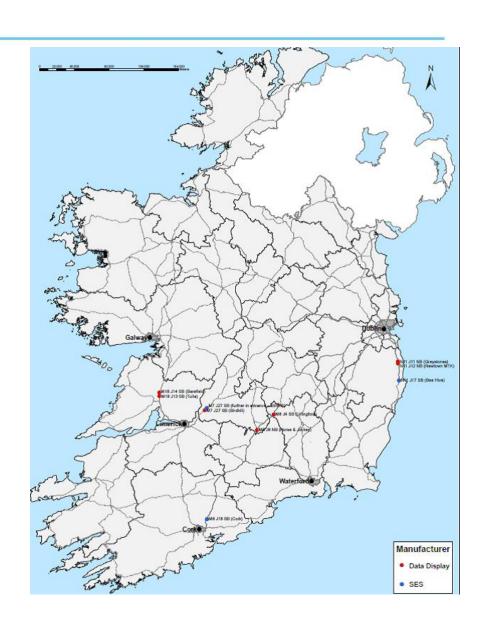
#### **Deployment**

3 Solar VMS & 7 Structure Mounted

- Strategic locations
- Microclimates
- Primary and secondary delivery

#### Sign Types

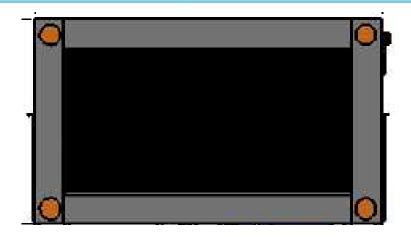
- POWER Solar-Powered VMS
  - manufactured by Securite & Signalisation (SES)
  - supplied by Rennicks
- STRUCTURE Full Colour VMS
  - manufactured by Data Display
  - supplied by Imtech



## **Solar VMS**

- 5.0m x 2.9m VMS with red/amber display 4.1m x 2.0m.
- Text height between 200 mm and 250 mm as required by the Traffic Signs Manual.
- 3.0m x 2.0m multicrystalline technology solar panel.

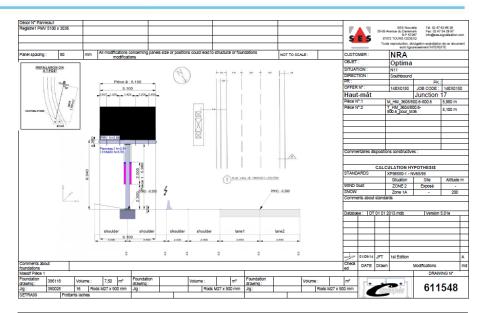
 Twelve 2V DC lead gel batteries to provide power for an minimum of six hours operation.

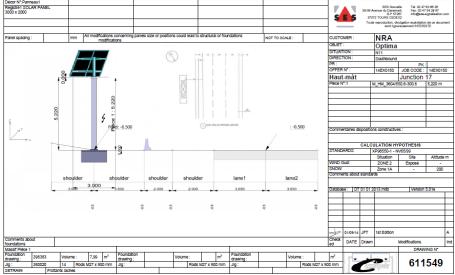




# **Solar VMS Design**

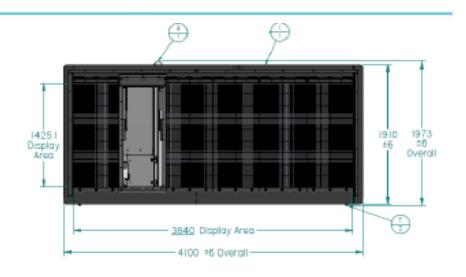
- Structures and foundations designed by SES based upon their specific location.
- Two separate aluminium supports with maintenance access provided to the VMS.
- Category 3 checks undertaken on SES designs.
- No design of power connections required.
- Maintenance vehicle and personnel access designed to Series 1500 Road Construction Details





## **Full Colour VMS**

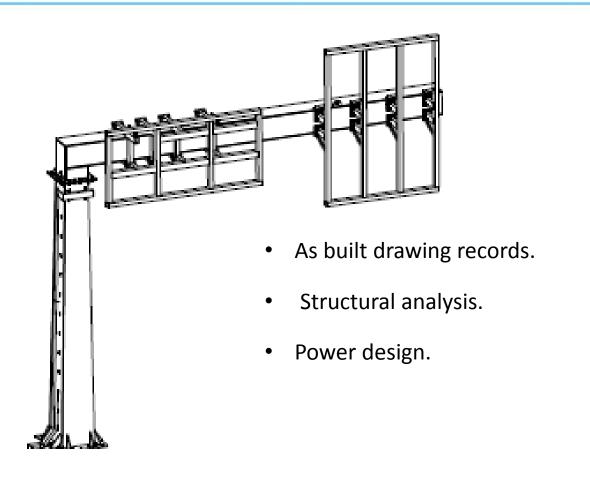
- 4.1m x 1.9m VMS with 3.8m x 1.4m display area
- Red/green/blue LEDs provide a full colour display
- Powered by 5kVA mains supply.

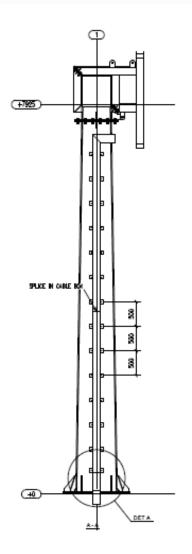






# **Full Colour Design**





## **Solar Powered Construction**

- Similar reinforced concrete foundation to an MS3-Type VMS
- No external ducting or chambers required
- No power connection required





## **Full Colour - Construction**



# **Operational Effectiveness**

#### How effective will the signs be?

Motorway Traffic Control Centre (MTCC) is responsible for operation

- Major Incidents
- Planned Diversions
- Maintenance Works
- Safety Campaigns
- Child Rescue Ireland (CRI)
   Alerts

### Other considerations

- Reliability & Availability
- Effectiveness



# **Lifetime Cost Analysis**

To compare the pilot scheme, the signs where compared to standard MS3 Type and MS4 Type VMS over a 10 year lifetime.

#### Analysis Included;

- Capital costs (Signs, structures and installation)
- Construction of civil engineering work (including electrical connection and cabling)
- Electrical consumption
- Operation and maintenance
- Cost saving options

# **Cost Saving Options**

The pilot scheme identified areas where improvement and cost savings could be made to create additional saving and possibly improve the potential solutions going forward.

- Relocation of more control equipment from sign to cabinet to reduce maintenance requirements.
- Investigate providing vehicle access platform on verge to reduce requirements for lane closures.
- Install solar VMS and solar panel on one structure to reduce capital costs and maintenance.

# **Lifetime Cost Analysis**

| Solar VMS Comparison – 10 Year | Lifetime Cost | Most Economical Option | % Comparison |
|--------------------------------|---------------|------------------------|--------------|
| Solar VMS                      | MS3 Type VMS  | Solar VMS              | - 30%        |
| Solar VMS                      | MS4 Type VMS  | Solar VMS              | - 2%         |
| Solar VMS (Single Structure)   | MS3 Type VMS  | Solar VMS              | - 29%        |
| Solar VMS (Single Structure)   | MS4 Type VMS  | Solar VMS              | - 1%         |

| Sign Gantry VMS Comparison – 10 | Year Lifetime Cost | Most Economical         | % Comparison |
|---------------------------------|--------------------|-------------------------|--------------|
|                                 |                    | Option                  |              |
| Sign Gantry VMS                 | MS3 Type VMS       | MS3 Type                | - 5%         |
| Sign Gantry VMS                 | MS4 Type VMS       | MS4 Type                | - 46%        |
| Sign Gantry VMS (With Access)   | MS3 Type VMS       | Sign Gantry With Access | - 34%        |
| Sign Gantry VMS (With Access)   | MS4 Type VMS       | Sign Gantry With Access | - 8%         |

| Pilot Scheme Comparison – 10 Ye  | ear Lifetime Cost | Most Economical Option | % Comparison |
|----------------------------------|-------------------|------------------------|--------------|
| Pilot Scheme                     | MS3 Type VMS      | Pilot Scheme           | - 5%         |
| Pilot Scheme                     | MS4 Type VMS      | MS4 Type               | - 32%        |
| Pilot Scheme (With Alternatives) | MS3 Type VMS      | Pilot Scheme           | - 32%        |
| Pilot Scheme (With Alternatives) | MS4 Type VMS      | Pilot Scheme           | - 6%         |

## Conclusion

The pilot scheme has been a success and Transport Infrastructure Ireland are now more informed regarding future VMS deployment.

However, at this early stage the pilot scheme is leaning towards deploying either MS4 Type VMS or gantry mounted VMS with maintenance access provided.

#### **However, to continue learning from the pilot;**

- Continue to monitor the signs performance and functionality over the next 12 months.
- Further investigate maintenance of the signs to refine the assumption made for the 10 Year profiles.
- Further investigate issues relating to the recommendations.
- Expand on the pilot to implement the lessons learned and possible solutions.

## **THANK YOU**